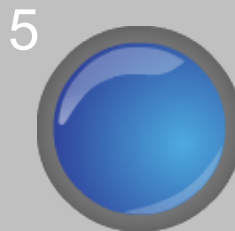
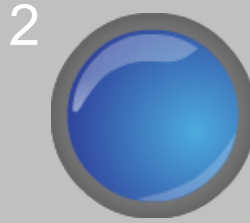
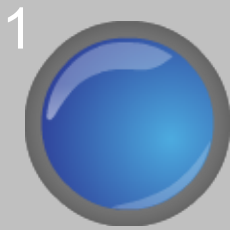


Vector Trivia



1. Fill in the blank:

- a) A vector is a line segment that has both _____ and _____.
- b) The result of adding two vectors is called a _____.
- c) The length of a vector is called _____.



1a) magnitude and direction

b) resultant

c) magnitude



2. Given vector \overrightarrow{HI} having points
 $H(-2, 4)$ and $I(1, -2)$...

- Write the component form.
- Write as a sum of unit vectors.
- Sketch the vector in standard position.
- Find the magnitude. (simplified radical)
- Find the direction. (nearest 100th)



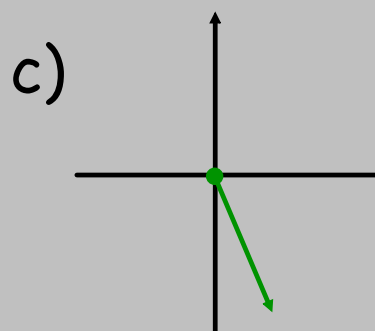
2. $H(-2, 4)$ and $I(1, -2)$

a) $\langle 3, -6 \rangle$

b) $3\vec{i} - 6\vec{j}$

d) $\sqrt{9 + 36} = \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}$

e) $\theta' = \tan^{-1}(-2) = -63.43^\circ = 63.43^\circ$
 $\theta = 296.57^\circ$



3. Given: $\vec{a} = \langle -3, -2 \rangle$ and $\vec{b} = \langle -1, 4 \rangle$

Find:

a) $-4\vec{a} - \vec{b}$

b) $\frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}$



$$3. \quad \vec{a} = \langle -3, -2 \rangle \quad \vec{b} = \langle -1, 4 \rangle$$

$$a) \quad -4\vec{a} - \vec{b} = \langle 12, 8 \rangle + \langle 1, -4 \rangle = \langle 13, 4 \rangle$$

$$b) \quad \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + 3\vec{b} = \left\langle -\frac{3}{2}, -1 \right\rangle + \langle -3, 12 \rangle = \left\langle -\frac{9}{2}, 11 \right\rangle$$



4. Find a unit vector that is in the same direction as vector $3\vec{i} - 9\vec{j}$.



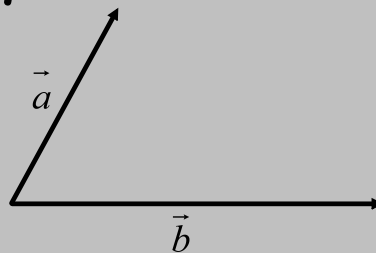
4. $3\vec{i} - 9\vec{j}$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{u} &= \frac{3\vec{i} - 9\vec{j}}{\sqrt{90}} \\ &= \frac{3\vec{i} - 9\vec{j}}{3\sqrt{10}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\vec{i} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}\vec{j} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}\vec{i} - \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}\vec{j} \end{aligned}$$

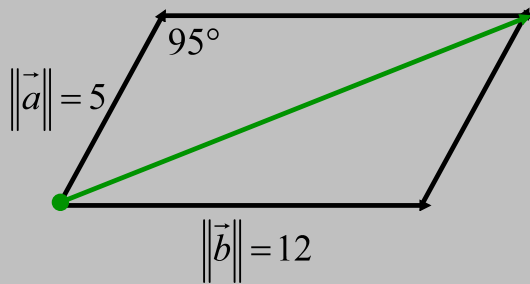


5. Given: $\|\vec{a}\| = 5$ and $\|\vec{b}\| = 12$
and the angle between the
vectors is 85° ...

a) Find the length of
the resultant.
(nearest 100th)



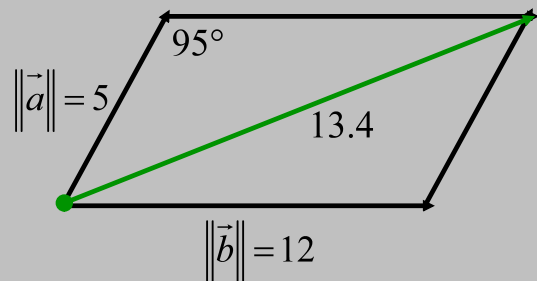
5.



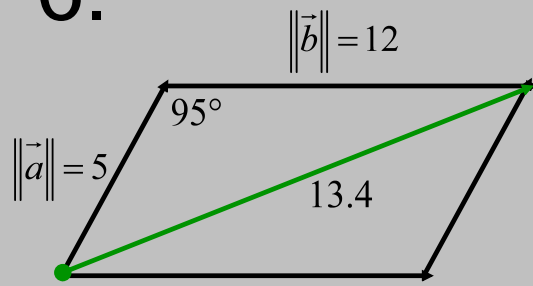
$$\|\vec{a} + \vec{b}\| = \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2 - 2(5)(12)\cos 95^\circ} = 13.40$$



6. Now find the measure of the angle between \vec{a} and the resultant. (nearest 100th)



6.



$$12^2 = 5^2 + 13.4^2 - 2(5)(13.4)\cos B$$

$$-60.56 = -134\cos B$$

$$\frac{-60.56}{-134} = \cos B$$

$$B = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-60.56}{-134}\right) = 63.13^\circ$$

