Basic Matrix Operations Discovery
 Name:\_\_\_\_\_
 Period:\_\_\_\_

Shannon got her hands on someone's matrices notes from last semester. On the notes she saw:

3	4	3		2	3	1		5	7	4
4	0	-1	+	2	1	5	=	6	1	4
5	1	-8		-4	0	6		1	1	-2_

1. Based on the "stolen" notes above, how do you add two matrices? How would you subtract two matrices?

2. Given what Shannon found, fill in the blanks to the problems below. Work with your team to find the answers.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & \_ \\ 50 & -10 & -9 \\ 7 & \_ & 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \_ & -3 & 1 \\ 8 & \_ & 5 \\ -10 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & \_ & 4 \\ \_ & 14 & -4 \\ \_ & 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. How does the problem change if it is a subtraction problem? Fill in the blanks below given it's a subtraction problem.

3	]	<b>9</b>	11		 5
12	15 ]	7		=	 12

4. In the same notebook, Shannon found this crazy matrices problem with x's and y's. Can you work with your team and solve for the missing variables? Find x and y.

3x	16	9	4	9	12
_12	15	_3	y+3_	9	18

5. Chris is trying to add the two matrices below. How is he going to add these matrices?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} =$$

6. A high school basketball coach helps the four seniors on the team set goals for their season for each game. The senior's goals are below:

Will: 2 3-pointers, 10 free throws, 6 steals Colin: 4 3-pointers, 8 free throws, 3 steals Larry: 3 3-pointers, 4 free throws, 2 steals Timmy: 6 3-pointers, 2 free throws, 1 steal

a. Write a matrix that represents the game goals for the six seniors.

$$3pt \quad FT \quad steal$$

$$Will \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ Colin \\ Larry \\ Timmy \end{bmatrix}$$

b. If there were 12 games in the season, write a matrix that represents their season goals.

c. How did you change your matrix in part "a" to part "b."

7. We call that change "multiplying by a scalar." The "12" in question 6 is a scalar. What are the scalars below?

a. 
$$---\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 8 \\ 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
b. 
$$---\begin{bmatrix} 12 & 4 \\ -2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -120 & -40 \\ 20 & -80 \end{bmatrix}$$
c. 
$$--\begin{bmatrix} 14 & 18 \\ 20 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 \\ 10 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
d. 
$$--\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 16 \\ 8 & 18 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 24 \\ 12 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Using what you have learned about matrix operations (adding, subtracting and multiplying by a scalar) and what you know about order of operations, simplifying the statement below.

$$\left(\begin{bmatrix}2&3\\8&5\end{bmatrix}-\begin{bmatrix}2&-4\\-1&3\end{bmatrix}\right)+4\begin{bmatrix}2&3\\5&1\end{bmatrix}$$